AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 13, 2005 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 4, 2005 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 29, 2005 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 29, 2005

## SENATE BILL

No. 277

## Introduced by Senator Battin (Principal coauthor: Senator Hollingsworth) (Coauthors: Senators Ducheny and Dutton)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Benoit, Bogh, Emmerson, Garcia, Haynes, and Spitzer)

February 16, 2005

An act to amend Sections 290 and 290.46 of Section 3003 of, and to add Section 3058.62 to, the Penal Code, relating to parolee sex offenders.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 277, as amended, Battin. Sex offenders.

Existing law requires an inmate who is released on parole be subject to certain policies and procedures when determining where he or she shall be placed and what information shall be provided to local authorities, as specified. Existing law prohibits the placement of parolees convicted of lewd or lascivious acts on a child or continuous sexual abuse of a child within 1/4 mile of a school.

This bill would prohibit the placement of any parolee who upon release must register as a sex offender, within 1 1/2 miles of any park, day care, or public or private school including grades kindergarten to 12, inclusive.  $SB 277 \qquad \qquad -2 -$ 

Existing law requires certain parties to be notified and particular procedures to be followed when persons having served prison terms for specified offenses are released on parole.

This bill would require local law enforcement to be notified by the Department of Corrections 60 days prior to the release of a parolee who is required to register as a sex offender.

Existing law requires persons convicted of certain sex offenses shall, subject to particular processes, register with a law enforcement agency, as specified.

Existing law provides that the Department of Justice shall make available certain information concerning specified registered sex offenders to the public via an Internet Web site. Existing law further provides that the information disclosed on the Web site may not be used for certain purposes, as specified, including employment, housing, education, and insurance.

This bill would require that registered sex offenders, about whom information is made available on the Internet Web site, be shown a copy of that information by the law enforcement agency with which he or she undergoes reregistration.

Existing law requires the department to make an annual report to the Legislature concerning the operation of these provisions.

This bill would require the annual report to include the results of an annual audit of the Internet Web site comparing a selection of 100 random listings to the data provided to local law enforcement by those registered sex offenders.

Because this bill would require local officials to perform new duties, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 3003 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

3003. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an inmate who is released on parole shall be returned to the county that was the last legal residence of the inmate prior to his or her incarceration.

For purposes of this subdivision, "last legal residence" shall not be construed to mean the county wherein the inmate committed an offense while confined in a state prison or local jail facility or while confined for treatment in a state hospital.

- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), an inmate may be returned to another county if that would be in the best interests of the public. If the Board of Prison Terms setting the conditions of parole for inmates sentenced pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1168, as determined by the parole consideration panel, or the Department of Corrections setting the conditions of parole for inmates sentenced pursuant to Section 1170, decides on a return to another county, it shall place its reasons in writing in the parolee's permanent record and include these reasons in the notice to the sheriff or chief of police pursuant to Section 3058.6. In making its decision, the paroling authority shall consider, among others, the following factors, giving the greatest weight to the protection of the victim and the safety of the community:
- (1) The need to protect the life or safety of a victim, the parolee, a witness, or any other person.
- (2) Public concern that would reduce the chance that the inmate's parole would be successfully completed.
- (3) The verified existence of a work offer, or an educational or vocational training program.
- (4) The existence of family in another county with whom the inmate has maintained strong ties and whose support would increase the chance that the inmate's parole would be successfully completed.
- (5) The lack of necessary outpatient treatment programs for parolees receiving treatment pursuant to Section 2960.
- (c) The Department of Corrections, in determining an out-of-county commitment, shall give priority to the safety of the community and any witnesses and victims.

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- (d) In making its decision about an inmate who participated in a joint venture program pursuant to Article 1.5 (commencing with Section 2717.1) of Chapter 5, the paroling authority shall give serious consideration to releasing him or her to the county where the joint venture program employer is located if that employer states to the paroling authority that he or she intends to employ the inmate upon release.
- (e) (1) The following information, if available, shall be released by the Department of Corrections to local law enforcement agencies regarding a paroled inmate who is released in their jurisdictions:
- (A) Last, first, and middle name.
  - (B) Birth date.
  - (C) Sex, race, height, weight, and hair and eye color.
- 15 (D) Date of parole and discharge.
  - (E) Registration status, if the inmate is required to register as a result of a controlled substance, sex, or arson offense.
    - (F) California Criminal Information Number, FBI number, social security number, and driver's license number.
      - (G) County of commitment.
    - (H) A description of scars, marks, and tattoos on the inmate.
    - (I) Offense or offenses for which the inmate was convicted that resulted in parole in this instance.
      - (J) Address, including all of the following information:
    - (i) Street name and number. Post office box numbers are not acceptable for purposes of this subparagraph.
      - (ii) City and ZIP Code.
    - (iii) Date that the address provided pursuant to this subparagraph was proposed to be effective.
  - (K) Contact officer and unit, including all of the following information:
    - (i) Name and telephone number of each contact officer.
  - (ii) Contact unit type of each contact officer such as units responsible for parole, registration, or county probation.
  - (L) A digitized image of the photograph and at least a single digit fingerprint of the parolee.
- 37 (M) A geographic coordinate for the parolee's residence 38 location for use with a Geographical Information System (GIS) 39 or comparable computer program.

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(2) The information required by this subdivision shall come from the statewide parolee database. The information obtained from each source shall be based on the same timeframe.

- (3) All of the information required by this subdivision shall be provided utilizing a computer-to-computer transfer in a format usable by a desktop computer system. The transfer of this information shall be continually available to local law enforcement agencies upon request.
- (4) The unauthorized release or receipt of the information described in this subdivision is a violation of Section 11143.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate who is released on parole shall not be returned to a location within 35 miles of the actual residence of a victim of, or a witness to, a violent felony as defined in paragraphs (1) to (7), inclusive, of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 or a felony in which the defendant inflicts great bodily injury on any person other than an accomplice that has been charged and proved as provided for in Section 12022.53, 12022.7, or 12022.9, if the victim or witness has requested additional distance in the placement of the inmate on parole, and if the Board of Prison Terms or the Department of Corrections finds that there is a need to protect the life, safety, or well-being of a victim or witness.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other law, an inmate who is released on parole for any violation of Section 288 or 288.5 and required to register pursuant to Section 290 shall not be placed or reside, for the duration of his or her period of parole, within-one-quarter mile one and one-half miles of any public park, day care, preschool, or public or private school including any or all of kindergarten and grades 1 to-8 12, inclusive.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other law, an inmate who is released on parole for an offense involving stalking shall not be returned to a location within 35 miles of the victim's actual residence or place of employment if the victim or witness has requested additional distance in the placement of the inmate on parole, and if the Board of Prison Terms or the Department of Corrections finds that there is a need to protect the life, safety, or well-being of the victim.
- (i) The authority shall give consideration to the equitable distribution of parolees and the proportion of out-of-county

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commitments from a county compared to the number of commitments from that county when making parole decisions.

- (j) An inmate may be paroled to another state pursuant to any other law.
- (k) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Department of Corrections shall be the agency primarily responsible for, and shall have control over, the program, resources, and staff implementing the Law Enforcement Automated Data System (LEADS) in conformance with subdivision (e).
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Department of Justice shall be the agency primarily responsible for the proper release of information under LEADS that relates to fingerprint cards.
- SEC. 2. Section 3058.62 is added to the Penal Code, to read: 3058.62. Whenever any person confined to state prison, will upon release be required to register pursuant to Section 290, the Department of Corrections shall notify by mail, at least 60 days prior to the person's scheduled release date, the sheriff or chief of police, or both in the community in which the person was convicted, and the sheriff, chief of police, or both in the community in which the person is scheduled to be released on parole, or released following a period of confinement pursuant to a parole revocation without a new commitment.

All matter omitted in this version of the bill appears in the bill as amended in Senate, May 4, 2005.